From: "Wannemacher, Ryan F. - Chief Financial Officer" <wannrf@jea.com>

Subject: Fwd: JEA Privatization

Sent: Fri, 11 Oct 2019 11:32:28 -0500

- To: "Zahn, Aaron F. Managing Director/CEO" <zahnaf@jea.com>, "Dykes, Melissa H. President/COO" <dykemh@jea.com>
- Cc: "Orfano, Joseph E. Treasurer" <orfaje@jea.com>

See below...we will circle up.

Thanks Ryan Get <u>Outlook for iOS</u>

----- Forwarded message ------From: "**Panger, Jeffrey**" <<u>jeff.panger@spglobal.com</u>> Date: Fri, Oct 11, 2019 at 11:22 AM -0400 Subject: JEA Privatization To: "Wannemacher, Ryan F. - Chief Financial Officer" <<u>wannrf@jea.com</u>>, "Orfano, Joseph E. - Treasurer" <<u>orfaje@jea.com</u>> Cc: "Bodek, David" <<u>david.bodek@spglobal.com</u>>

[External Email - Exercise caution. DO NOT open attachments or click links from unknown senders or unexpected email.]

Gentlemen,

I have some follow-up questions regarding the information you provided at our August 21<sup>st</sup> meeting, and I'm hoping that you can provide some clarification, as well as provide you the opportunity to respond to some of our emerging views.

- ) The McKinsey study suggests a 35% decline in sales related to energy efficiency and an 8% decline related to distributed generation by 2030, more than offsetting customer growth and leading to an 8% overall decline in energy sales (SLIDE 42). It's our understanding that the McKinsey study was the impetus for conducting the "Baseline- scenario 1" and "traditional-scenario 2" response, and that the results prompted the decision to explore a "non-traditional- scenario 3" responses. Insofar as I can find no other utility suggesting this level of decline in sales related to energy efficiency, and no other utility (except perhaps outside of the southwest, and certainly not in Florida) with this level of DG penetration, this seems extraordinarily high. What is the basis for the McKinsey estimates, and why is this more acceptable than what the rest of the utility industry is viewing.
- ) The title of Slide 42 says ".... May Likely Increase.... May Likely Fall". The combination of those words is confusing... What does "May Likely" mean?
- ) If this is indeed JEA's view, why is this not reflected in JEA's forecast, which suggests flat sales, manageable rate increases, and robust financial metrics?
- ) If JEA is expecting an 8% decline in sales, why would you need to convert the Greenland units from simple cycle to combined cycle? And why is the conversion not in JEA's current forecast, but in the baseline, and then not in the "traditional response" (replaced with power purchases). It seems that this is only serving to inflate the cash gaps (and hence the rate increases/cutbacks required under each scenario).
- ) Slide 57 Why would O&M increase 3% in the current forecast, but 4% in the baseline and 2% in the traditional response?
- Slide 57 -- Why is debt acceleration being addressed in scenario 2, (but not in the baseline or the current forecast). Again, it is our understanding that these scenarios are intended to address a projected decline in sales, but by including debt

acceleration, it creates an apples to oranges comparative. The inclusion of debt acceleration in scenario 2 (while perhaps laudable) inflates the cash gap and suggests that higher than necessary rate increases are needed -- which ultimately is laying the basis for your exploring scenario 3.

- Slide 57 cites substantial "other revenue opportunities" in scenario 2 I was under the impression that part of the reasoning for scenario 3 was because JEA doesn't have the ability to seek "other revenue opportunities. What are these "other revenue opportunities" in scenario 2?
- Slide 79 : JEA had \$5.1 b of LTD and PPA debt in 2018, Scenario 1 shows \$4.8b in 2030, and scenario 2 shows \$3.5 b (all PPA debt) by 2030. Is the \$3.5 b in scenario 2 the total amount of Project J debt, or does it represent JEA pro rata share?
- It seems that the McKinsey study, and scenarios 1&2, are being held up as the motivation for pursuing scenario 3 -privatization. But as the above questions suggest, we are unclear whether they form a sound basis. Please help us understand your thinking on this, and whether, as possibly suggested by slide 86, the privatization discussion is being driven by a desire to use proceeds to retire city debt (in addition to JEA debt).

I look forward to your response.

Jeffrey Panger Director

S&P Global - Ratings U.S. Public Finance | 55 Water Street, 38<sup>th</sup> Floor | New York, NY 10041 (Phone) 212-438-2076 | (Fax) 212-438-2131 jeff.panger@spglobal.com www.spglobal.com [spglobal.com]

S&P Global Ratings has recently issued new criteria for U.S. Municipal Retail Electric and Gas Utilities. For a copy of this criteria, please <u>click here</u>.



Standard & Poor's maintains a separation of commercial and analytical activities. Please note that our analysts are not permitted to engage in discussions about fees. Any questions about fees or any other commercial, non-analytical matters should be directed to your Client Business Manager.

"A replay of S&P Global Ratings' 2018 Sector outlook for U.S. Public Finance Infrastructure, including (the relevant sector of the person you are sending to) can be accessed by clicking the link below. The replay is available for a year, until Jan 29, 2019. Please feel free to share this with interested colleagues and clients" https://event.on24.com/wcc/r/1577002/99E7FF0B728CEE8B5CA7B367BDB42B7C [event.on24.com]

<u>Click Here [spratings.com]</u> to find the latest articles, presentations, and videos on U.S. Public Finance Infrastructure.

The information contained in this message is intended only for the recipient, and may be a confidential attorney-client communication or may otherwise be privileged and confidential and protected from disclosure. If the reader of this message is not the intended recipient, or an employee or agent responsible for delivering this message to the intended recipient, please be aware that any dissemination or copying of this communication is strictly prohibited. If you have received this communication in error, please immediately notify us by replying to the message and deleting it from your computer. S&P Global Inc. reserves the right, subject to applicable local law, to monitor, review and process the content of any electronic message or information sent to or from S&P Global Inc. e-mail addresses without informing the sender or recipient of the message. By sending electronic message or information to S&P Global Inc. e-mail addresses you, as the sender, are consenting to S&P Global Inc. processing any of your personal data therein.